

# Status Report

## Sunday, November 05, 2023

[AB 2](#)

**(Ward D) Recycling: solar photovoltaic modules.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/28/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/5/2022

**Last Amend:** 6/28/2023

**Status:** 9/1/2023-In committee: Held under submission.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...8.7 (commencing with Section 42499.6) to Part 3 of Division 30 of, the Public Resources Code, relating to **recycling**, and making an appropriation therefor. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 2, as amended, Ward. **Recycling**: solar photovoltaic modules. The Electronic Waste **Recycling** Act of 2003 (act) requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect from a consumer ...

**Summary:** The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 (act) requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect from a consumer at the time of retail sale a covered electronic waste recycling fee or a covered battery-embedded waste recycling fee, as specified. The act defines "covered electronic device" to include certain video display devices and battery-embedded products. The act requires all charges collected pursuant to the act to be deposited into specified subaccounts within the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, and outlines certain other requirements related to the establishment, adjustment, and administration of the charge. Moneys in the subaccounts are continuously appropriated for specified purposes, including, but not limited to, paying covered electronic waste recycling fee refunds and making electronic waste recovery and recycling payments. Current law incorporates the requirements and other provisions of the act by reference as requirements and provisions of the hazardous waste control laws. The act also expressly authorizes the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to enforce the act, and all regulations adopted pursuant to the act, through the hazardous waste control laws. A violation of the hazardous waste control laws is a crime. This bill would, among other things, expand the definition of "covered electronic device" to include a "customer-owned solar PV module," as defined, thereby expanding the scope of the act to include covered solar photovoltaic (PV) module products, for limited purposes, as provided. The bill would also require, on or before October 1, 2026, and on or before October 1 each year thereafter, CalRecycle to establish a covered solar PV recycling fee based on the reasonable regulatory costs to administer covered electronic waste recycling. The bill would require the charge to be imposed upon a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer for the purchase of a new or refurbished covered solar PV module product. The bill would also require the charge to be adjusted annually based on the California Consumer Price Index. The bill would create the Covered Solar PV Module Recycling Fee Subaccount as a continuously appropriated fund in the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account. Because the funds deposited to the Covered Solar PV Module Recycling Fee Subaccount would be a new source of funds in the continuously appropriated subaccount within the continuously appropriated Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, the bill would make an appropriation.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Steedman-  
Lyde

[AB 249](#)

**(Holden D) Water: schoolsites: lead testing.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/18/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by Governor.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...and 116277 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to water. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 249, Holden. Water: schoolsites: **lead** testing. Existing law, the California

Safe **Drinking Water** Act, requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of **drinking water** to protect ...

**Summary:** Existing law, the California Safe Drinking Water Act, requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health. The act requires the state board to establish a grant program, in consultation with the State Department of Education, to award grants to local educational agencies for the purposes of improving access to, and the quality of, drinking water in public schools serving kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, and preschools and child daycare facilities located on public school property. This bill would require a community water system that serves a schoolsite, as defined, to test for lead in the potable water system outlets of the schoolsite before January 1, 2027, except as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Spielman

**AB 252**

**(Holden D) The College Athlete Protection Act.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/19/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/19/2023

**Last Amend:** 6/19/2023

**Status:** 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was ED. on 6/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered	
1st House				2nd House								

**Synopsis:** ...training or physical therapy in sports. (iii) One member with expertise in mental health. (iv) One member with expertise in **workplace** health and safety compliance and investigations. (v) One member with expertise in sexual misconduct investigations. (vi) Two members who are ...

**Summary:** Would establish the College Athlete Protection (CAP) Act for purposes of providing various rights, benefits, and protections to college athletes. The bill instead would require certain institutions of higher education to establish a degree completion fund for its college athletes, as provided. The bill instead would require an institution of higher education to distribute to each college athlete a notice containing college athlete rights and would require the institution to post this notice in a conspicuous location frequented by college athletes, as specified. The bill instead would prohibit an institution of higher education, and its employees, coaches, and affiliated medical personnel, as defined, from retaliating against a college athlete for filing a complaint or reporting a violation of a college athlete’s rights under the CAP Act. By imposing new duties on community college districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Berman

**AB 363**

**(Bauer-Kahan D) Pesticides: neonicotinoids for nonagricultural use: reevaluation: control measures.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/1/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 520, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	<b>Chaptered</b>	
1st House				2nd House								

**Synopsis:** ...Assembly Bill No. 363 CHAPTER 520 An act to amend Section 12838 of the Food and Agricultural Code, relating to **pesticides**. [ Approved by Governor October 08, 2023. Filed with Secretary of State October 08, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 363, Bauer-Kahan. **Pesticides:** neonicotinoids for nonagricultural use: reevaluation: control measures. Existing law, added by the Governor’s Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1991 .....the director to endeavor to eliminate from use a pesticide that endangers the agricultural or nonagricultural environment. Existing law requires **pesticides** to be registered by the department, and requires that a pesticide be thoroughly evaluated prior to registration. Existing law provides ...

**Summary:** Would, beginning January 1, 2025, prohibit a person from selling, possessing, or using a pesticide containing one or more neonicotinoid pesticides, as defined, for any nonagricultural use on nonproduction outdoor or ornamental plants, trees, or turf, except as provided. The bill would require the department to evaluate, taking into account relevant routes of exposure, the potential impacts of those neonicotinoid pesticide uses on pollinating insects, aquatic ecosystems, and human health. The bill would require the department, among other things, to issue a determination on those impacts on or before July 1, 2027, and adopt necessary control measures for the use of neonicotinoid pesticides on or before July 1, 2029.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Hirsh

**[AB 496](#)**

**(Friedman D) Cosmetic safety.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/8/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/7/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/8/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 441, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	<b>Chaptered</b>	
1st House				2nd House								

**Synopsis:** ...45-2). (11) o-Phenylenediamine and its salts (CAS no. 95-54-5). (12) The following per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (**PFAS**) and their salts: (A) Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS); heptadecafluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid (CAS no. 1763-23-1). (B) Potassium perfluorooctanesulfonate; potassium ...

**Summary:** Current law, commencing January 1, 2025, prohibits a person or entity from manufacturing, selling, delivering, holding, or offering for sale in commerce any cosmetic product that contains any of several specified intentionally added ingredients except under specified circumstances. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2027, expand that prohibition by adding specified banned ingredients.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Beach

**[AB 504](#)**

**(Reyes D) State and local public employees: labor relations: strikes.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/8/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/7/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/7/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by Governor.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	<b>Vetoed</b>	Chaptered	
1st House				2nd House								

**Synopsis:** ...shall apply. (f) This section shall not apply to any public employee who is subject to Section 1962 of the **Labor Code** or to any employee who is a peace officer under any of the following: (1) Subdivision (a) or (b) of ...

**Summary:** The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act and the Ralph C. Dills Act regulate the labor relations of employees and employers of local public agencies and the state, respectively. Those acts grant specified employees, including, among others, certain employees of fire departments, of local public agencies and the state the right to form, join, and participate in the activities of employee organizations of their choosing and require public agency employers, among other things, to meet and confer with representatives of recognized employee organizations and exclusive representatives on terms and conditions of employment. The acts grant the Public Employment Relations Board the power to hear specified disputes in relation to these provisions and to make determinations regarding them. This bill would provide, except as specified, that it is not unlawful or a cause for discipline or other adverse action against a public employee for that public employee to refuse to enter property that is the site of a primary strike, perform work for a public employer involved in a primary strike, or go through or work behind a primary strike line. The bill would prohibit a public employer from directing a public employee to take those actions. The bill would authorize a recognized employee organization to inform employees of these rights and encourage them to exercise those rights.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Murcell

**AB 548**

**(Boerner D) State Housing Law: inspection.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/11/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/8/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/1/2023

**Status:** 10/11/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 744, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...or premises on which a building is located to be in violation of the State Housing Law if it contains **lead** hazards, as specified, that are likely to endanger the health of the public or the occupants. This bill would require ...

**Summary:** Current law deems a building, portion of a building, or premises on which a building is located to be a substandard building if any one of specified conditions exists to the extent that it endangers the life, limb, health, property, safety, or welfare of the public or its occupants. Current law deems a building, portion of a building, or premises on which a building is located to be in violation of the State Housing Law if it contains lead hazards, as specified, that are likely to endanger the health of the public or the occupants. This bill would require local enforcement agencies, by January 1, 2025, to develop policies and procedures for inspecting a building with multiple units if an inspector or code enforcement officer has determined that a unit is substandard or is in violation of the State Housing Law, and the inspector or code enforcement officer determines that the defects or violations have the potential to affect other units of the building, as specified. If the local enforcement agency determines the substandard condition could reasonably affect other units, the bill would require notice be given to the property owner, as specified, and the units reinspected to verify correction of the violations.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Chan

**AB 585**

**(Rivas, Robert D) Climate change: infrastructure and clean energy projects: assessments.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/1/2023

**Status:** 10/7/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 336, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Filed with Secretary of State October 07, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 585, Robert Rivas. Climate change: infrastructure and **clean energy** projects: assessments. The California **Global Warming** Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board (state board) as the state agency responsible for monitoring ...

**Summary:** The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board (state board) as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating sources emitting greenhouse gases. Existing law vests the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) with regulatory jurisdiction over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as provided. Existing law requires the PUC and the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission) to undertake specified actions to advance the state's clean energy and pollution reduction objectives. This bill would request the CCST, in its discretion, every 3 years, to assess the infrastructure project types, scale, and pace necessary to achieve the state's energy, climate change, and air quality goals, as specified. The bill would also require GO-Biz, in consultation with the Energy Commission, the PUC, and the state board, to prepare an assessment of the barriers, challenges, and impediments limiting the deployment and development of clean energy projects, as specified. The bill would require GO-Biz to submit this assessment to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2026. The bill would also require the assessment to be considered and incorporated into the work carried out by the Infrastructure

Strike Team convened by the Governor. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Steedman-Lyde

**AB 601**

**(Flora R) Correctional industry safety committee.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Status:** 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

<b>2 year</b>	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...Bill No. 601 Introduced by Assembly Member Flora February 09, 2023 An act to amend Section 6304.3 of the **Labor Code**, relating to employment. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 601, as introduced, Flora. Correctional industry safety committee. Existing law requires that .....with Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation administrative procedures at each facility maintaining a correctional industry, as defined, and requires the **Division of Occupational Safety and Health** to promulgate, and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to implement, regulations concerning the duties ...

**Summary:** Current law requires that a correctional industry safety committee be established in accordance with Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation administrative procedures at each facility maintaining a correctional industry, as defined, and requires the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to promulgate, and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to implement, regulations concerning the duties and functions that govern the operation of each committee. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Chan

**AB 685**

**(Ramos D) Workforce training: CaliforniaVolunteers: youth job corps.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Status:** 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	<b>2 year</b>	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...term and long-term success of the youth enrolled. (g) The #CaliforniansForAll Youth Jobs Corps program addresses three critical issues: **COVID-19** recovery, food insecurity, and climate action. (h) Through the program, youth engage with their communities in meaningful ventures as they .....to provide technical assistance to eligible applicants to ensure that grants are awarded to qualified applicants addressing three critical issues: **COVID-19** recovery, food insecurity, and climate action. (o) The act keeps definitions, duties for the CaliforniaVolunteers, and requirements for applications ...

**Summary:** Current federal law, the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993, also requires the state to create a commission to carry out specified duties relating to national service programs to be eligible for grants or allotments under certain programs, or to receive distributions of approved national service positions. Current state law continues into existence the Board of Commissioners under CaliforniaVolunteers for purposes of meeting the requirements of the federal act and the act's implementing rules and regulations. This bill would establish in statute the #CaliforniansForAll Youth Job Corps Program. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to expand the program, upon appropriation by the Legislature, which would fund supportive services, as specified, that are necessary for homeless youth and current or former foster youth to enable their participation in the workforce development program, as defined. Under the bill, grants would be awarded on a competitive basis. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to conduct outreach activities and to provide technical assistance to eligible applicants to ensure that grants are awarded to qualified applicants providing a broad spectrum of supportive services. The bill would prescribe definitions, duties for the

CaliforniaVolunteers, and requirements for applications and applicants, including the requirement that applicants agree to provide the office any information that the office deems necessary to meet reporting requirements and other grant requirements. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to evaluate how grants awarded under the program address the needs of eligible targeted populations and, beginning one year after the initial award of grant funds, to post an annual report on its internet website regarding the progress and success of the program.

**Position**

Support If Amended

**Assigned**

Hirsh

**AB 700**

**(Grayson D) California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research Program.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/1/2023

**Status:** 9/30/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 268, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...occupational exposure as a firefighter as a Group 1 known human carcinogen. (c) Recent studies from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) confirm an increased risk of cancer in firefighters, including a 14-percent higher risk of dying from .....chemical carcinogens absorbed and metabolized by firefighters and studying biomarkers of effect that quantify cancer-promoting cellular changes that ultimately lead to a cancer diagnosis. (b) The University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program, shall develop the strategic objectives ...

**Summary:** Would, subject to a resolution adopted by the Regents of the University of California agreeing to undertake the below-described duties, establish the California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research Program, and would request the University of California to develop and administer a competitive grant program to award grants to eligible educational institutions to conduct research on the California fire service using a community-based participatory research model, as defined, in collaboration with California firefighters. The bill would require the University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program, to develop the strategic guidelines and priorities of the program and receive and evaluate the applications of the eligible educational institutions. The bill would require the FIRESCOPE Program to make final recommendations to the University of California on which grants should be funded. The bill would also require the University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program, to prepare a report to the Legislature, on or before January 1, 2025, with a 2nd report due on or before January 1, 2030, with specified information, including the number and dollar amounts of the grants that have been awarded.

**Position**

Support

**Assigned**

Gulbrandsen

**AB 735**

**(Berman D) Workforce development: utility careers.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Status:** 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...development of a high road economy that offers an educated and skilled workforce with fair compensation and treatment in the workplace. In this regard, existing law requires the board to assist in the administration, promotion, and expansion of, as well as .....systematic analysis of data, which may include data pertaining to labor markets. (f) "Economic security" means, with respect to a worker, earning a wage sufficient to support a family adequately, and, over time, to save for emergency expenses and adequate retirement income, based on factors such as household size, the cost of living in the worker's community, and other factors that may vary by region. (g) "Evidence-based" means making use of policy research as ...

**Summary:** Would establish the High Road Utility Careers (HRUC) program, to be administered by the California Workforce Development Board, to connect existing resources with individuals interested in careers in the utility sector and ensure a continued reliable workforce for California utilities. The bill would require the board to administer the HRUC program through partnerships with statewide water, wastewater, and energy utility associations and to coordinate the program with existing and future programs and initiatives administered by the board, including high road training partnerships, in order to align interested individuals with available resources. The bill would require the HRUC program, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to dedicate funding and resources toward accomplishing specified goals, including connecting workers to high-quality jobs or entry-level work with defined routes to advancement and increasing skills and opportunities while expanding pipelines for low-income populations.

**Position**  
Support If  
Amended

**Assigned**  
Hirsh

**AB 800**

**(Ortega D) Workplace Readiness Week: work permits.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Last Amend:** 8/14/2023

**Status:** 9/30/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 271, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...by Governor September 30, 2023. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 800, Ortega. **Workplace** Readiness Week: work permits. Existing law deems the month of May to be Labor History Month throughout the public schools .....the United States. This bill would require the week of each year that includes April 28 to be known as "**Workplace** Readiness Week." The bill would require all public high schools, including charter schools, to annually observe that week by providing .....Instruction to annually send a written notice to every public high school, including charter schools, with certain information relating to **Workplace** Readiness Week, as provided. Existing law authorizes specific school administrators to issue a work permit to pupils subject to specific ...

**Summary:** Would require the week of each year that includes April 28 to be known as "Workplace Readiness Week." The bill would require all public high schools, including charter schools, to annually observe that week by providing information to pupils on their rights as workers, and would specify the topics to be covered. The bill would require the observances to be integrated into the regular school program in grades 11 and 12, consistent with the history-social science framework. By imposing additional duties on public school officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually send a written notice to every public high school, including charter schools, with certain information relating to Workplace Readiness Week, as provided.

**Position**  
Support If  
Amended

**Assigned**  
Hirsh

**AB 861**

**(Santiago D) Hazardous waste: Exide Technologies facility.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023

**Status:** 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 6/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...Member Santiago February 14, 2023 An act to add Section 25125.5 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to **hazardous waste**. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 861, as amended, Santiago. **Hazardous waste:** Exide Technologies facility. Existing law tasks the

Department of Toxic Substances Control with the responsibility to regulate the handling ...

**Summary:** Would require the Board of Environmental Safety to contract with an entity that has expertise in remediating contaminated sites for the purpose of reviewing the Department of Toxic Substances Control’s residential cleanup near the former Exide Technologies lead-acid battery recycling facility in the City of Vernon. The bill would require the contractor to use only existing data in its review, but, if necessary, the bill would authorize the contractor to take, review, and analyze limited samples. The bill would require the contractor to meet with members of the community to hear comments or concerns about the cleanup and provide its findings to the board, as specified. The bill would require the board to post the contractor’s findings on the board’s internet website.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Celly

**AB 967**

**(Flora R) California Safe Drinking Water Act: definitions.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/14/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Status:** 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

<b>2 year</b>	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...Assembly Member Flora February 14, 2023 An act to amend Section 116275 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to **drinking water**. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 967, as introduced, Flora. California Safe **Drinking Water** Act: definitions. Existing law, the California Safe **Drinking Water** Act, requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer ...

**Summary:** The California Safe Drinking Water Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health. The act defines various terms for its purposes. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those definitions.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Celly

**AB 985**

**(Arambula D) San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District: emission reduction credit system.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/6/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Last Amend:** 7/6/2023

**Status:** 9/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14). (Last location was CONCURRENCE on 9/12/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	<b>2 year</b>	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...as the state agency with the primary responsibility for the control of vehicular air pollution and air pollution control and **air quality** management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources. Existing .....State of California do enact as follows: SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following: (a) Poor **air quality** is intimately linked with negative health impacts, including respiratory illness and premature deaths, with recent studies estimating air pollution ...

**Summary:** Current law requires the board of every air district to establish by regulation a system by which all reductions in the emission of air contaminants that are to be used to offset certain future increases in the emission of air contaminants be banked prior to use to offset future increases in emissions, except as specified. Current law requires the State Air Resources Board to develop and adopt a methodology for use by air districts to calculate the value of credits issued for emission reductions from stationary, mobile, indirect, and areawide sources when those credits are used interchangeably, consistent with certain requirements. Current law also requires the state board to periodically update the methodology as it applies to future transactions, if necessary. Current law provides for the establishment of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District vested with the authority to regulate air emissions from



stationary sources located in the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin. This bill would require the state board, except as provided, to conduct an analysis of each credit identified in the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District's ledger of available emission reduction credits to determine if any credits were issued in violation of state, local, or district laws, rules, regulations, or procedures in place at the time of original issuance, and to complete the analysis no later than January 1, 2027. The bill would require, upon completion of the analysis, the state board to submit a report to the Legislature that includes a summary of the results of the analysis.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Berman

**AB 1007 (Ortega D) Occupational safety and health standards: plume.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/7/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/8/2023

**Status:** 10/7/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 352, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Assembly Bill No. 1007 CHAPTER 352 An act to add Section 144.9 to the Labor Code, relating to occupational safety and health. [ Approved by Governor October 07, 2023. Filed with Secretary of State October 07, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S ...

**Summary:** The Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board within the Department of Industrial Relations promulgates and enforces occupational safety and health standards for the state, including standards dealing with toxic materials and harmful physical agents. Under current law, the Division of Occupational Safety and Health is required to enforce all occupational safety and health standards, as specified. A violation of these standards and regulations under specific circumstances is a crime. This bill would, by December 1, 2026, require the division to submit to the board a proposed regulation requiring a health facility to evacuate or remove plume to the extent technologically feasible through the use of a plume scavenging system in all settings that employ techniques that involve the creation of plume. The bill would require the division, when developing regulations, to consider, among other things, recommendations on the evacuation of plume from the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. The bill would require the board to consider for adoption a proposed regulation by June 1, 2027.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Murcell

**AB 1083 (McKinnor D) Labor Code.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Status:** 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/15/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

<b>2 year</b>	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Assembly Bill No. 1083 Introduced by Assembly Member McKinnor February 15, 2023 An act to amend Section 1 of the Labor Code, relating to employment. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1083, as introduced, McKinnor. Labor Code. Existing law includes a code known as the Labor Code. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the title ...

**Summary:** Current law includes a code known as the Labor Code. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the title provision of that code.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Fynboh

**AB 1216 (Muratsuchi D) Wastewater treatment plants: monitoring of air pollutants.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/10/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 8/16/2023

**Status:** 10/10/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 675, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...Filed with Secretary of State October 10, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1216, Muratsuchi. Wastewater treatment plants: monitoring of **air pollutants**. Existing law generally designates air pollution control and **air quality** management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources ...

**Summary:** Would require, on or before January 1, 2027, the owner or operator of a wastewater treatment facility that is located within 1,500 feet of a residential area and has an original design capacity of 425,000,000 gallons or more per day to develop, install, operate, and maintain a wastewater treatment-related fence-line monitoring system approved by the appropriate air quality management district. The bill would require the wastewater treatment-related fence-line monitoring system to include equipment capable of measuring pollutants of concern, as provided, emitted into the atmosphere that the appropriate air quality management district deems appropriate for monitoring. The bill would provide that it does not alter the responsibility of an owner or operator of a wastewater treatment facility to not exceed limits for nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds emitted into the atmosphere established in existing air quality regulations, as provided, and would require source testing for these pollutants to be conducted pursuant to a protocol approved by the appropriate air quality management district.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Celly

**AB 1238 (Ward D) Hazardous waste: solar panels.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/21/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/21/2023

**Status:** 6/7/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was ED. on 8/25/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...act to amend Section 25259 of, and to add Section 25259.1 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to **hazardous waste**. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1238, as amended, Ward. **Hazardous waste**: solar panels. Existing law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations for the identification and management ...

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations for the identification and management of hazardous wastes. Current law authorizes the department to adopt regulations designating end-of-life photovoltaic modules that are identified as hazardous waste as a universal waste and subject to regulations applicable to universal waste management. A violation of the Hazardous Waste Control Law, including a regulation adopted pursuant to that law, is a crime. This bill would require the department to develop alternative management standards for managing photovoltaic modules. The bill would specify parameters for the standards, including, but not limited to, that they promote the safe collection, reuse, and recycling of photovoltaic modules.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Steedman-Lyde

**AB 1290 (Rivas, Luz D) Product safety: plastic packaging: substances.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/21/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/21/2023

**Status:** 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 5/31/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	<b>2 year</b>	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conf. Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...and to ensure that covered plastic material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state meets specified **recycling** rates. Existing law prohibits any person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale in the state any food packaging that contains regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (**PFAS**), as defined, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when replacing regulated .....**PFAS** in food packaging to comply with this requirement. Existing law similarly prohibits, beginning July 1, 2025, a person from manufacturing ...

**Summary:** Would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state, (1) opaque or pigmented polyethylene terephthalate bottles, and (2) plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, pigments, or additives, as specified. The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition, as specified.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Beach

**[AB 1423](#) (Schiavo D) Product safety: PFAS: artificial turf or synthetic surfaces.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/1/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by Governor.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	<b>Vetoed</b>	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conf. Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...104 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to product safety. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1423, Schiavo. Product safety: **PFAS**: artificial turf or synthetic surfaces. Existing law, beginning January 1, 2025, prohibits the manufacture, sale, delivery, hold, or offer for sale in commerce of any cosmetic product that contains any intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (**PFAS**), as defined. Existing law similarly prohibits, commencing January 1, 2025, a person from manufacturing, distributing, selling, or offering for sale .....in the state any new, not previously used, textile articles that contain regulated **PFAS**, except as specified, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when removing regulated **PFAS** in textile articles ...

**Summary:** Would prohibit, except as provided and commencing January 1, 2026, a public entity, including a charter city, charter county, city, or county, any public or private school serving pupils in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, a public institution of higher education, other than the University of California, or a private institution of higher education from purchasing or installing a covered surface containing regulated PFAS, as defined.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Beach

**[AB 1550](#) (Bennett D) Green hydrogen.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/22/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Last Amend:** 5/22/2023

**Status:** 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	<b>2 year</b>	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conf. Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...12.3 to the Public Utilities Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1550, as amended, Bennett. Green **hydrogen**. Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to develop and adopt **hydrogen** fuel regulations to ensure that state funding for the production and use of **hydrogen** fuel contributes to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, criteria air pollutant emissions, and toxic air contaminant emissions, including by ...

**Summary:** Would require, on and after January 1, 2045, that all hydrogen produced and used in California for the generation of electricity or fueling of vehicles be green hydrogen, as defined, in furtherance of the state's policy to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions as soon as possible, but no later than 2045. The bill would require the State Air Resources Board, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission and the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to develop interim targets to ensure the state achieves that requirement. Because a violation of a state board regulation implementing this requirement would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Steedman-Lyde

**AB 1593 (Garcia D) California Workforce Development Board: Salton Sea geothermal resources area: Equitable Access Program.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by Governor.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...of the following: (a) Lithium is becoming an increasingly critical resource as the state, and the world, moves toward a clean energy future to tackle the climate crisis. This metal is a crucial component of batteries needed to power electric vehicles, enable ...

**Summary:** Existing law establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor in the development, oversight, and continuous improvement of California's workforce investment system and the alignment of the education and workforce investment systems to the needs of the 21st century economy and workforce. Existing law requires the board to assist the Governor with specified tasks, including developing and continuously improving the statewide workforce investment system. This bill would establish the Equitable Access Program to be administered by the board to prioritize employment opportunities in construction, manufacturing, technical, maintenance, operations, or reclamation activities for local residents in the Salton Sea geothermal resources area. The bill would, among other things, require the board, in administering the program, to provide technical assistance to, and establish a framework for, preapprenticeship, registered apprenticeship, and other training programs using the high road construction careers model or high road training partnerships model, and to monitor and track the rate residents of the Salton Sea geothermal resources area are hired on construction projects in the Salton Sea geothermal resources area that involve battery manufacturing and lithium-based technology. This bill contains other related provisions.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Hirsh

**AB 1660 (Ta R) Cosmetic products: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/10/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Last Amend:** 4/10/2023

**Status:** 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 3/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	2 year	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Code, relating to public health. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1660, as amended, Ta. Cosmetic products: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to achieve the maximum feasible reduction in volatile organic .....if the state board determines adequate data exist to establish the regulations are necessary to attain state and federal ambient air quality standards and the regulations are commercially and technologically feasible and necessary. Existing law prohibits, beginning January 1, 2025, a person ...

**Summary:** Current law prohibits, beginning January 1, 2025, a person or entity from manufacturing, selling, delivering, holding, or offering for sale in commerce any cosmetic product

that contains intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Current law defines, for these purposes, "PFAS" to mean a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom, and "intentionally added PFAS" to mean PFAS chemicals that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product and that have a functional or technical effect on the product, or PFAS chemicals that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical. This bill would authorize a person or entity to petition the board to exempt an intentionally added PFAS from that prohibition, and would authorize the State Air Resources Board to, in consultation with the State Water Resources Control Board, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, and the Department of Toxic Substances Control, exempt an intentionally added PFAS from that prohibition if the state board determines that the intentionally added PFAS meets specified qualifications. The bill would require the petitioner to provide specified information in their exemption petition to the board, including, among other things, the name of the intentionally added PFAS proposed for exemption, its intended end use, and its intended concentration in the proposed cosmetic product.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Beach

**[AB 1672](#) (Haney D) In-Home Supportive Services Employer-Employee Relations Act.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 6/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...1) This section does not affect the state's responsibility with respect to the state payroll system, unemployment insurance, or **workers' compensation** and other provisions of Section 12302.2 for providers of in-home supportive services or for individuals who are employed ...

**Summary:** Would establish a method for resolving disputes regarding wages, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment between the state and recognized employee organizations representing independent providers. The bill would provide for the right of employees, also known as individual providers under the act, to form, join, and participate in activities of employee organizations for the purposes of representation on all matters within the scope of employee organizations. The bill would define "employee" or "individual provider" for these purposes to mean a person authorized to provide in-home supportive services pursuant to the individual provider mode or waiver personal care services, as prescribed.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Murcell

**[AB 1689](#) (Grayson D) Greenhouse gases: built environment: decarbonization.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

<b>2 year</b>	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...relating to greenhouse gases. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1689, as introduced, Grayson. Greenhouse gases: built environment: decarbonization. The California **Global Warming** Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources ...

**Summary:** The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt rules and regulations to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions and to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit no later than December 31, 2030. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would further support California's efforts to decarbonize the built environment.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**Steedman-  
Lyde**AB 1711 (Carrillo, Juan D) Energy: hydrogen: Clean Energy Equity Act.****Current Text:** Amended: 4/10/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Introduced:** 2/17/2023**Last Amend:** 4/10/2023**Status:** 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered	
1st House				2nd House				Conc.				

**Synopsis:** ...to the Health and Safety Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1711, as amended, Juan Carrillo. Energy: hydrogen: Clean Energy Equity Act. Existing law, until January 1, 2024, requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to allocate \$20 ...

**Summary:** Would enact the Clean Energy Equity Act and would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to equitably allocate moneys appropriated by the Legislature for hydrogen-fueling infrastructure to specifically prioritize rural communities and low-income communities. The bill would require the commission and the State Air Resources Board, except as provided, to jointly review and submit a report to the Legislature on the progress toward establishing hydrogen-fueling infrastructure that is equally accessible to all communities, especially rural communities and low-income communities.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**Steedman-  
Lyde**AB 1754 (Committee on Judiciary) Maintenance of the codes.****Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/27/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Introduced:** 3/2/2023**Status:** 7/27/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 131, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered	
1st House				2nd House				Conc.				

**Synopsis:** ...50720.2, 53559, 105250.5, 105254, 127501.4, 127502.5, 127507.2, 128736, 150204.5, and 150204.6 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Sections 1156.35, 1410, 1471, 1472, 1771.4, 2671, 2783, 3073.1, 4610, 4903.6, and 6409.6 of, and to amend and renumber Section 5414.3 of, the Labor Code, to amend Sections 146e, 236.14, 236.15, 653.29, 679.12, 680, 832.7, 1001.81, 1170, 1170.02 ...

**Summary:** Current law directs the Legislative Counsel to advise the Legislature from time to time as to legislation necessary to maintain the codes. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in various provisions of the law to effectuate the recommendations made by the Legislative Counsel to the Legislature.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Davis,

**SB 303 (Allen D) Solid waste: Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act.****Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/8/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Introduced:** 2/2/2023**Last Amend:** 9/7/2023**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered	
1st House				2nd House				Conc.				

**Synopsis:** ...Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act. The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, administered by the Department of Resources **Recycling** and Recovery, generally regulates the disposal, management, and **recycling** of, among other solid waste, plastic packaging containers and single-use foodware accessories. Existing law establishes the Plastic Pollution Prevention .....and to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state achieves specified **recycling** rates, as provided. The act prohibits a producer from selling, offering for sale, importing, or distributing covered materials in the ...

**Summary:** The Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act prohibits a producer from selling, offering for sale, importing, or distributing covered materials in the state unless the producer is approved to participate in the producer responsibility plan of a producer responsibility organization (PRO), as prescribed, for the source reduction, collection, processing, and recycling of covered material, except as provided. The act requires the department to establish a producer responsibility advisory board for specified purposes. The act authorizes an affected entity that asserts that specific actions taken to meet the requirements of the act are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting the sustained operation or commercial viability of solid waste collection programs, solid waste recycling facilities, or composting facilities providing services in accordance with local solid waste handling requirements, to bring the concern and evidence supporting that assertion to the advisory board for discussion and to ask the advisory board to conduct a preliminary evaluation of the information. If the evaluation demonstrates that specific actions are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting existing operations, the act requires the advisory board to submit the concern to the department for further analysis. The act requires the department to analyze the information provided by the advisory board and authorizes the department to offer a recommendation for resolution. This bill would instead authorize an affected entity that asserts that specific actions taken by the PRO, a producer, or an entity under contract with the PRO are not consistent with specified prohibitions and requirements of the act and are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting the sustained operation or commercial viability of solid waste collection programs, solid waste recycling facilities, or composting facilities providing services in accordance with local solid waste handling requirements to bring that concern and supporting evidence to the advisory board. The bill would delete the requirement that the board submit the concern to the department for further analysis and would instead require that the advisory board, rather than the department, offer a recommendation for resolution within 90 days of submission of the request for a preliminary evaluation. The bill would thereafter authorize either party to initiate nonbinding arbitration, as specified. The bill would specify the duties and the authority of the arbitrator, as described, including requiring the arbitrator to transmit the proposed decision to the department and the advisory board. The bill would require the department to review the arbitrator’s proposed decision within 60 days of receipt and to make a specified determination. If the arbitrator proposes a revision to an approved producer responsibility plan, the bill would require the department to publicly notice the proposed plan revision on its internet website, as provided.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Beach

**SB 308**

**(Becker D) Carbon Dioxide Removal Market Development Act.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/2/2023

**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023

**Status:** 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 6/8/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...26 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to greenhouse gases. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 308, as amended, Becker. **Carbon Dioxide** Removal Market Development Act. The California **Global Warming** Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating ...

**Summary:** Would enact the Carbon Dioxide Removal Market Development Act that would require the State Air Resources Board, no later than December 31, 2027, to adopt a regulation to require certain emitting entities to purchase negative emissions credits equal to a specified amount of their greenhouse gas emissions, as determined by the state board, in each calendar

year beginning in the 2028 calendar year in accordance with specified requirements. The bill would require the state board, no later than December 31, 2027, to establish rules and processes for certifying carbon dioxide removal processes that may be used to create negative emissions credits and for tracking negative emissions credits in accordance with certain criteria. The bill would also require negative emissions resulting from the use of negative emissions credits to be included in the calculation of the state's net greenhouse gas emissions, as specified.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Steedman-  
Lyde

**SB 332 (Cortese D) Minor league baseball players.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/7/2023

**Last Amend:** 8/31/2023

**Status:** 10/13/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 866, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Bill No. 332 CHAPTER 866 An act to amend Section 226 of, and to add Section 514.5 to, the **Labor Code**, relating to employment, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately. [ Approved by Governor October 13, 2023. Filed with .....worked during the off-season and spring training, and final and binding arbitration of disputes. The bill would require the **Department of Industrial Relations** to amend and republish Wage Order No. 10-2001 to provide that specified provisions of the wage ...

**Summary:** Existing law provides that 8 hours of labor constitute a day's work unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated in a collective bargaining agreement, and requires that any work in excess of specified hours in one workday or one workweek be compensated at a rate higher than the regular rate of pay for the employee, as specified. Existing law authorizes, upon the proposal of an employer, employees of an employer to adopt a regularly scheduled alternative workweek that authorizes work by the affected employees for no longer than 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek without the payment to the affected employees of an overtime rate of compensation, as specified. Existing law prohibits an employer from employing an employee for a work period of more than 5 hours per day without providing the employee with a meal period, as specified, but, notwithstanding these provisions, existing law authorizes the Industrial Welfare Commission to adopt a working condition order permitting a meal period to commence after 6 hours of work if specified conditions are met. Under existing law, the Industrial Welfare Commission issues wage orders that regulates wages, hours, and working conditions in various occupations, including Wage Order No. 10-2001, which regulates the amusement and recreation industry. This bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to a person who is covered by a contract to play baseball at the minor league level with a labor organization that has at least 10 years of experience representing baseball players and who is compensated pursuant to the terms of a valid collective bargaining agreement that expressly provides for the wages, hours of work, working conditions of employees, payment for time worked during the off-season and spring training, and final and binding arbitration of disputes. The bill would require the Department of Industrial Relations to amend and republish Wage Order No. 10-2001 to provide that specified provisions of the wage order do not apply to a person subject to these provisions, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Hirsh

**SB 416 (Laird D) State agencies: building and renovation projects: LEED certification.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 10/7/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2023

**Status:** 10/7/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 395, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered



1st House	2nd House	Conc.			
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**Synopsis:** ...for a project, to prepare full, complete, and accurate plans and specifications and estimates of cost. Existing law, the California **Global Warming** Solutions Act of 2006, designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources ...

**Summary:** Would require all new building and major renovation projects larger than 10,000 gross square feet undertaken by state agencies, and for which the project schematic design documents are initiated by the state agency on or after January 1, 2024, to obtain the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design or "LEED" Gold or higher certification, except as provided. The bill would instead require the state agency to obtain LEED Silver certification if the state agency concerned makes a finding that achieving LEED Gold conflicts with critical operational or security requirements, is demonstrably cost ineffective, or conflicts with California Building Code requirements. The bill would authorize certification to an alternative equivalent or higher rating system or standard, if any, only when approved by the Director of General Services.

**Position** Watch  
**Assigned** Davis,

**SB 499 (Menjivar D) School facilities: School Extreme Heat Action Plan Act of 2023.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023

**Status:** 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	<b>2 year</b>	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...lots. These surfaces are generally composed of cement, asphalt, brick, pebbles, aggregates, rubber, or synthetic turf, which absorb and store **radiation** throughout the day and slowly release heat throughout the night. They are nonporous and therefore do not allow water to ...

**Summary:** The California Child Day Care Facilities Act provides for the licensure and regulation of child daycare facilities, daycare centers, and family daycare homes by the State Department of Social Services. The act exempts from its provisions certain types of these facilities and certain programs, including, among others, a California state preschool program operated by a local educational agency under contract with the State Department of Education and that meets specified conditions and operates in a school building. Current law requires the governing board of any school district to, among other things, repair its school property. This bill, the School Extreme Heat Action Plan Act of 2023, would, among other things, require all schoolsites, as defined, the next time outdoor surfaces are resurfaced or replaced at the schoolsite, to replace low specific heat surfaces, such as cement, asphalt, brick, pebbles, sand, aggregates, rubber, and synthetic turf, with high specific heat surfaces, such as cool pavement technologies, natural grass, shrubs, trees, wood chips, or other natural systems that mitigate heat and pollution, as provided. The bill would require all schoolsite decisionmaking personnel involved in the replacement or resurfacing of outdoor surfaces at a schoolsite to be trained in extreme heat mitigation measures.

**Position** Watch  
**Assigned** Berman

**SB 526 (Limón D) Department of Industrial Relations: domestic violence prevention.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/27/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Last Amend:** 4/27/2023

**Status:** 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/8/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	<b>2 year</b>	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Senate Bill No. 526 Introduced by Senator Limón February 14, 2023 An act to add Section 64.6 to the **Labor Code**, relating to domestic violence prevention. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 526, as amended, Limón. **Department of Industrial Relations**: domestic violence prevention. Existing law establishes the **Department of Industrial Relations** and defines its functions to include ...

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Industrial Relations to develop and prepare a poster regarding domestic violence prevention that employers may display in their workplace and to make the poster available to employers for download through the department's internet website. The bill would authorize the department to consult with the Department of Justice as to the content and design of the poster. The bill would require that the poster be made available in English, Spanish, and any non-English language required under the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act.

**Position**  
Support

**Assigned**  
Murcell

**[SB 553](#)**

**(Cortese D) Occupational safety: workplace violence: restraining orders and workplace violence prevention plan.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/7/2023

**Status:** 9/30/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 289, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	<b>Chaptered</b>
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...the Code of Civil Procedure, and to amend Section 6401.7 of, and to add Section 6401.9 to, the **Labor Code**, relating to **occupational safety**. [ Approved by Governor September 30, 2023. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB ...

**Summary:** Would, commencing January 1, 2025, authorize a collective bargaining representative of an employee, as described, to seek a temporary restraining order and an order after hearing on behalf of the employee and other employees at the workplace, as described. The bill would require an employer or collective bargaining representative of an employee, before filing such a petition, to provide the employee who has suffered unlawful violence or a credible threat of violence from any individual an opportunity to decline to be named in the temporary restraining order. Under the bill, an employee's request to not be named in the temporary restraining order would not prohibit an employer or collective bargaining representative from seeking a temporary restraining order on behalf of other employees at the workplace, and, if appropriate, other employees at other workplaces of the employer. The bill would make various conforming changes.

**Position**  
Watch

**Assigned**  
Gulbrandsen

**[SB 652](#)**

**(Umberg D) Evidence: expert testimony.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 6/8/2023

**Status:** 7/13/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 75, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	<b>Chaptered</b>
1st House				2nd House							

**Synopsis:** ...of a reasonable degree of probability in their field of expertise, including, but not limited to, medical, psychological, psychiatric, scientific, **engineering**, or other applicable field in which they are offered as an expert. (c) Subdivision (b) does not preclude a witness ...

**Summary:** Current law authorizes an expert witness to testify in the form of an opinion, if the opinion is sufficiently beyond the common experience such that it would assist the trier of fact and if the opinion is based on matter, whether or not admissible, that is known to the witness prior to their testimony and that may reasonably be relied upon by an expert in forming their

opinion in the matter, the witness is precluded by law from using those reasons or matter as a basis for the opinion. This bill would create additional requirements for expert opinions regarding medical causation. The bill would, in a case in which an expert testifying about medical causation for the party bearing the burden of proof is required to testify that causation exists to a reasonable probability, allow the party not bearing the burden of proof to offer the testimony of a contrary expert only if the expert can testify that a proffered alternative cause exists to a reasonable medical probability or that a matter cannot meet a reasonable degree of probability in the applicable field, as specified.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Berman,  
Spielman

**SB 663**

**(Archuleta D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: renewable hydrogen.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023

**Status:** 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	<b>2 year</b>	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Utilities Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 663, as amended, Archuleta. California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: renewable hydrogen. Existing law establishes the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, which requires the Public Utilities Commission to implement annual procurement targets .....procurement plan to achieve the targets and goals of the program. This bill would include a facility that uses renewable hydrogen, as defined, meeting certain requirements, including a requirement that sellers and purchasers of renewable hydrogen comply with a system for tracking and verifying the use of renewable hydrogen, as a renewable electrical generation facility for ...

**Summary:** Current law establishes the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, which requires the Public Utilities Commission to implement annual procurement targets for the procurement of eligible renewable energy resources, which is defined as an electrical generating facility that meets the definition of "renewable electrical generation facility" subject to certain conditions, for all retail sellers, as defined, and requires local publicly owned electric utilities to adopt and implement a renewable energy resources procurement plan to achieve the targets and goals of the program. This bill would include a facility that uses renewable hydrogen, as defined, meeting certain requirements, including a requirement that sellers and purchasers of renewable hydrogen comply with a system for tracking and verifying the use of renewable hydrogen, as a renewable electrical generation facility for purposes of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Steedman-  
Lyde

**SB 665**

**(Allen D) Plastic waste: single-use plastics alternatives: working group.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 10/8/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/7/2023

**Status:** 10/8/2023-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	<b>Vetoed</b>	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...and to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state meets specified recycling rates. Existing law vests the California Environmental Protection Agency with authority over various environmental matters and various state agencies, including the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle ...

**Summary:** Current law establishes the Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer

Responsibility Act, which covers certain single-use packaging and plastic single-use food service ware, as provided. As part of its comprehensive statutory scheme, the act requires the producers, as defined, of these covered materials to source reduce plastic covered material, to ensure that covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state on or after January 1, 2032, is recyclable or eligible to be labeled “compostable,” and to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state meets specified recycling rates. Current law vests the California Environmental Protection Agency with authority over various environmental matters and various state agencies, including the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle), the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Toxic Substances Control, and the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. Current law establishes the Ocean Protection Council to, among other things, coordinate activities of state agencies that are related to the protection and conservation of coastal waters and ocean ecosystems. Current law requires CalRecycle to consult with the council regarding its adoption of regulations to establish a process, and develop criteria, for determining the types of food service packaging that are reusable, recyclable, or compostable. Current law establishes the Department of Food and Agriculture to promote and protect the agricultural industry of the state. This bill would require the California Environmental Protection Agency, by January 1, 2025, to establish a working group of the above-referenced state entities that would establish a framework, by July 1, 2026, for evaluating novel plastic and plastic-alternative material types used to produce single-use products as they are developed, in order to inform state policy decisions designed to create a more sustainable and circular economy, as provided.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Beach

**SB 674**

**(Gonzalez D) Air pollution: refineries: community air monitoring systems: fence-line monitoring systems.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/1/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/1/2023

**Status:** 9/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	<b>2 year</b>	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...refinery to develop, install, operate, and maintain a fence-line monitoring system in accordance with guidance developed by the appropriate **air quality** management district or air pollution control district. Existing law requires the air districts and the owners or operators of refineries .....district to establish pollutants for the monitoring systems to monitor and would include certain pollutants identified by the Office of **Environmental Health** Hazard Assessment. The bill would authorize the air district to exclude a pollutant for monitoring at those monitoring systems ...

**Summary:** Current law requires a refinery-related community air monitoring system to be installed near each petroleum refinery that meets certain requirements. Current law requires the owner or operator of a petroleum refinery to develop, install, operate, and maintain a fence-line monitoring system in accordance with guidance developed by the appropriate air quality management district or air pollution control district. Current law requires the air districts and the owners or operators of refineries to collect real-time data from those monitoring systems, maintain records of that data, and, to the extent feasible, provide to the public the data in a publicly accessible format. This bill would expand the definition of a refinery for these purposes to include related facilities located on contiguous or adjacent properties and to include refineries engaging in other types of refining processes, including those using noncrude oil feedstock. The bill would require the refinery-related community air monitoring system and the fence-line monitoring system to be updated or installed on or before January 1, 2028, after a 30-day public comment period, as specified. The bill would require the appropriate air district to establish pollutants for the monitoring systems to monitor and would include certain pollutants identified by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. The bill would authorize the air district to exclude a pollutant for monitoring at those monitoring systems, as provided. The bill would require air districts, on a 5-year basis, to review the list of pollutants being measured and would authorize the air districts to revise the list, as provided. The bill would require the air districts

and the owners and operators of refineries to maintain records of the data collected from those systems for at least 5 years and would require the owners and operators to post online, and to notify the public of the availability of, quarterly reports containing certain information.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Celly

**SB 686**

**(Durazo D) Domestic workers: occupational safety.**

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 9/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 9/8/2023

**Status:** 9/30/2023-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Schiavo) February 16, 2023 An act to amend Sections 1455 and 6303 of, and to add Section 6714 to, the Labor Code, relating to domestic workers. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 686, Durazo. Domestic workers: occupational safety. Existing law establishes within the Department of Industrial Relations the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the Division of ...

**Summary:** The California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 requires employers to comply with certain standards ensuring healthy and safe working conditions, as specified. The act charges the Division of Occupational Safety and Health with enforcement of the act, subject to oversight by the Chief of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health. The act excludes household domestic service from the definition of "employment." The act requires the chief, or a representative of the chief, to convene an advisory committee for the purposes of creating voluntary guidance and making recommendations to the department and the Legislature on policies the state may adopt to protect the health and safety of privately funded household domestic service employees, except publicly funded household domestic service and family daycare homes, as specified. The act requires the advisory committee to develop voluntary industry-specific occupational health and safety guidance relating to workplace hazards and the prevention or minimization of work-related injuries and illnesses. The act requires the advisory committee to make recommendations, as specified, on additional policies to protect the health and safety of household domestic service employees. Under specified circumstances, a violation of the act is a crime. Existing law requires the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, upon appropriation of funding for this purpose, to establish and maintain an outreach and education program for the purpose of promoting awareness of, and compliance with, labor protections that affect the domestic work industry and fair and dignified labor standards in this industry and other low-wage industries. Existing law requires the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement to issue a competitive request to community-based organizations (CBOs) to provide education and outreach services in this connection and prescribes requirements for these organizations. Existing law makes CBOs responsible for developing and consulting with the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement regarding the core education and outreach materials, as specified. Existing law requires the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and CBOs to meet at least biannually to coordinate efforts around outreach, education, and enforcement, including sharing information, in accordance with applicable privacy and confidentiality laws, that will shape and inform the overall enforcement strategy of the division regarding low-wage industries, including the domestic work industry. Existing law prohibits the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement from expending more than 5% of the budget allocation on the administration of the program. This bill would make CBOs responsible for developing and consulting with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health regarding the core education and outreach materials regarding health and safety standards, retaliation, and the division's workplace safety complaint and retaliation process, including specific issues that affect the domestic work industry differently. The bill would make CBOs responsible for all costs related to the development, printing, advertising, or distribution of the education and outreach materials. The bill would require the chief, representatives of the consultation services and enforcement branches of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and CBOs to meet periodically, as specified, to coordinate efforts around outreach, education, and enforcement. The bill would prohibit the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health from expending more than 5% of the budget allocation on the administration of the program.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Gulbrandsen

**SB 735****(Cortese D) Motion picture productions: safety: firearms: ammunition.****Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Introduced:** 2/17/2023**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023**Status:** 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was L. & E. on 6/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	<b>2 year</b>	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...13 (commencing with Section 9150) to Division 5 of, and to repeal Section Sections 9152 and 9152.5 of, the **Labor Code**, relating to **occupational safety**. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 735, as amended, Cortese. Motion picture productions: safety: firearms: ammunition. Existing law grants the ...

**Summary:** Would, commencing July 1, 2025 and until June 30, 2030, inclusive, would require that an employer for a motion picture production that receives a specified motion picture tax credit, for that motion picture production, hire or assign a qualified safety advisor for California filming activities to perform a risk assessment and, if required under the bill, a specific risk assessment, as specified. The bill would require a dedicated safety advisor to be present on every motion picture production in the pilot program who is assigned exclusively to that motion picture production. The bill would require assessments to be accessible to specified affected persons and safety advisor access to locations and relevant facilities and items to ensure safety. The bill would require production to conduct a daily safety meeting, including, but not limited to, a safety meeting required when firearms are involved in a scene. The bill would require a safety advisor to participate in daily safety meetings, as specified. The bill would require an employer to identify a person for performers, crew, labor organization representatives, and the division to contact for issues regarding compliance. The bill would require the safety advisor to prepare a final safety evaluation report based on the actual risk and compliance experience. The bill would require the safety advisor, within 60 days following completion of filming activities, to provide the final safety evaluation report to the Industry-Wide Labor-Management Safety Committee and the California Film Commission. The bill would require the committee and the California Film Commission to jointly select an organization or firm to perform a written evaluation of the pilot program. The bill would require the selected organization or firm to review and assess the final safety evaluation reports on or before June 30, 2029, and make a nonbinding set of recommendations to the Legislature, as prescribed. These pilot program provisions would be repealed as of January 1, 2031.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Berman

**SB 740****(Cortese D) Hazardous materials management: stationary sources: skilled and trained workforce.****Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Introduced:** 2/17/2023**Last Amend:** 5/10/2023**Status:** 9/30/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 293, Statutes of 2023.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	<b>Chaptered</b>
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...Bill No. 740 CHAPTER 293 An act to add Section 25536.8 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to **hazardous materials**. [ Approved by Governor September 30, 2023. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2023. ] LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 740, Cortese. **Hazardous materials** management: stationary sources: skilled and trained workforce. (1) Existing law establishes an accidental release prevention program for the state ...

**Summary:** Current law establishes an accidental release prevention program for the state. Under that law, stationary sources subject to the accidental release prevention program may be required to prepare and submit a risk management plan (RMP) to prevent accidental releases of

certain substances. Current law requires an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in certain petroleum-related activities, and with one or more covered processes that require the preparation and submission of an RMP, when contracting for the performance of construction, alteration, demolition, installation, repair, or maintenance work at the stationary source, to require that its contractors and any subcontractors use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all onsite work within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades. Current law defines "skilled and trained workforce" to include, among other criteria, skilled journeypersons who are paid at least a rate equivalent to the applicable prevailing hourly wage rate. This bill would extend that workforce requirement to contracts awarded, extended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2024, by an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in manufacturing hydrogen, biofuels, or certain specified chemicals, or in capturing, sequestering, or using carbon dioxide in specified conditions.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Murcell

**SB 864**

**(Smallwood-Cuevas D) Workforce development: workplace rights curriculum.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/3/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Last Amend:** 7/3/2023

**Status:** 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

**Synopsis:** ...the Unemployment Insurance Code, relating to workforce development. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 864, as amended, Smallwood-Cuevas. Workforce development: **workplace** rights curricula. curriculum. Existing law establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor in .....Workforce Development Board to assist the Governor with partnering with the Labor Commissioner and other subject matter experts in developing **workplace** rights curricula curriculum to be provided to all individuals receiving individualized career services, supportive services, or training services through the .....California workforce system. system, as specified. The bill would require each local workforce development board to ensure the provision of **workplace** rights training consistent with that **workplace** rights curricula curriculum . The bill would require the comprehensive 4-year local plan to ...

**Summary:** The federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act requires local workforce development boards to be established in each local area of a state to assist the local chief elected official in planning, oversight, and evaluation of local workforce investment, and requires each local board to perform various duties consistent with the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act. Current law requires each local board to develop and submit to the Governor a comprehensive 4-year local plan, in partnership with the appropriate chief local elected official, that includes specified elements. This bill would require the California Workforce Development Board to assist the Governor with partnering with the Labor Commissioner and other subject matter experts in developing workplace rights curriculum to be provided to all individuals receiving individualized career services, supportive services, or training services through the California workforce system, as specified. The bill would require each local workforce development board to ensure the provision of workplace rights training consistent with that workplace rights curriculum. The bill would require the comprehensive 4-year local plan to include a description of how the local board plans to comply with this requirement. By imposing additional duties on local workforce development boards, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Position**

Watch

**Assigned**

Murcell

**Total Measures: 44**

**Total Tracking Forms: 44**